TRANSPORTATION POOLED FUND PROGRAM QUARTERLY PROGRESS REPORT

Date: March 31, 2018			
Lead Agency (FHWA or State DOT): _	Indiar	na DOT	
INSTRUCTIONS: Project Managers and/or research project investigation of the project are active. Project task that is defined in the proposal; a perotect the current status, including accomplishments aduring this period.	lease provide a centage compl	a project schedule statu etion of each task; a cor	s of the research activities tied to ncise discussion (2 or 3 sentences) of
Transportation Pooled Fund Program Project # (i.e. SPR-2(XXX), SPR-3(XXX) or TPF-5(XXX)		Transportation Pooled Fund Program - Report Period:	
		X Quarter 1 (January 1 – March 31)	
<u>TPF 5-253</u>		□Quarter 2 (April 1 – June 30)	
		☐ Quarter 3 (July 1 –	September 30)
		☐ Quarter 4 (October 1 – December 31)	
Project Title:	D ''' O'		
Evaluation of Member Level Redundancy in Name of Project Manager(s):	n Built-up Ste		E-Mail
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Lead Agency Project ID:	Other Project ID (i.e., contract #):		Project Start Date: 9/1/2011
Original Project End Date: 8/31/2014	Current Project End Date: 7/31/2016		Number of Extensions: One
Project schedule status: ☐ On schedule X On revised schedu	ıle	☐ Ahead of schedu	ule
Overall Project Statistics:			
Total Project Budget	Total Cost to Date for Project		Percentage of Work Completed to Date
\$725,000*	\$705,792		99%
Quarterly Project Statistics:			
Total Project Expenses and Percentage This Quarter	Total Amount of Funds Expended This Quarter		Total Percentage of Time Used to Date
\$12,136	1.7 %		100%

Reflects budget increase due to partner states fulfilling commitments

Project description:

The objective of this research project is to quantify the redundancy possessed by built-up members. For example, a riveted built-up member will not typically "fail" if one of the components fractures. However, there is very little experimental data which is available to quantify the remaining fatigue life or strength of a member in which one of the components has failed. Furthermore, if built-up members are located in bridges classified as fracture critical, when significant member redundancy can be shown the bridge may not need to be classified as FC. However, doing so would release these members from the more rigorous arms-length inspection currently required. As a result, should a component fail, it may go undetected for an extended interval. Thus, a portion of the project is devoted to setting rational inspection intervals for these members. Lastly, the advantages of using built-up members fabricated with HPS components fastened using HS bolts in new construction will also be explored.

Progress this quarter (includes meetings, work plan status, contract status, significant progress, etc.):

- 95% "complete" version of ballot-ready Guide Specification for consideration for 2018 SCOBS meeting completed.
- Finalized Design examples for use of the proposed guide specifications and inclusion in the ballot item.
- Complete all experimental testing.

Anticipated work next quarter:

- Finalize the proposed ballot and address comments from AASHTO T14 and T18.
- Work on final project report.

Significant results:

During the past quarter, the major steps forward included:

 The proposed Guide Specifications for Internal Redundancy were finalized and submitted to AASHTO SCOBS for consideration.

Circumstance affecting project or budget. (Please describe any challenges encountered or anticipated that might affect the completion of the project within the time, scope and fiscal constraints set forth in the agreement, with recommended solutions to those problems).

Potential Implementation:

Working with T-18, T-14, and FHWA to develop specification language for implementation of results into MBE for riveted members subjected to flexure. Draft AASHTO-ready specification language has been prepared and the RT will continue to work with AASHTO to move the research into practice.