# TRANSPORTATION POOLED FUND PROGRAM **QUARTERLY PROGRESS REPORT**

Date: Sept. 30, 2016			
Lead Agency (FHWA or State DOT):Indiana DOT			
INSTRUCTIONS: Project Managers and/or research project investigated quarter during which the projects are active. Pleach task that is defined in the proposal; a perothe current status, including accomplishments aduring this period.	lease provide a centage compl	a project schedule statu etion of each task; a coi	s of the research activities tied to ncise discussion (2 or 3 sentences) of
Transportation Pooled Fund Program Project # (i.e. SPR-2(XXX), SPR-3(XXX) or TPF-5(XXX)		Transportation Pooled Fund Program - Report Period:	
		☐ Quarter 1 (January 1 – March 31)	
<u>TPF 5-253</u>		□Quarter 2 (April 1 – June 30)	
		X Quarter 3 (July 1 – September 30)	
		□Quarter 4 (October 1 – December 31)	
Project Title:	- Daville Ot -	-1 84	
Evaluation of Member Level Redundancy in Built-up Steel Members  Name of Project Manager(s):  Phone Number:  E-Mail			
Name of Project Manager(s): Tommy E. Nantung	(765) 463-15		tnantung@indot.in.gov
Lead Agency Project ID:	Other Project ID (i.e., contract #):		Project Start Date: 9/1/2011
Original Project End Date: 8/31/2014	Current Project End Date: 7/31/2016		Number of Extensions: One
Project schedule status:  ☐ On schedule X On revised schedu  Overall Project Statistics:	le	☐ Ahead of sched	ule ☐ Behind schedule
Total Project Budget	Total Cost to Date for Project		Percentage of Work Completed to Date
\$700,000	\$552,366		95%
<b>4.00,000</b>			
Quarterly Project Statistics:			
Total Project Expenses and Percentage This Quarter	Total Amount of Funds Expended This Quarter		Total Percentage of Time Used to Date
\$6,094	0.8 %		100%

#### Project description:

The objective of this research project is to quantify the redundancy possessed by built-up members. For example, a riveted built-up member will not typically "fail" if one of the components fractures. However, there is very little experimental data which is available to quantify the remaining fatigue life or strength of a member in which one of the components has failed. Furthermore, if built-up members are located in bridges classified as fracture critical, when significant member redundancy can be shown the bridge may not need to be classified as FC. However, doing so would release these members from the more rigorous arms-length inspection currently required. As a result, should a component fail, it may go undetected for an extended interval. Thus, a portion of the project is devoted to setting rational inspection intervals for these members. Lastly, the advantages of using built-up members fabricated with HPS components fastened using HS bolts in new construction will also be explored.

#### Progress this quarter (includes meetings, work plan status, contract status, significant progress, etc.):

- Participated in meeting in August of 2016 in Philadelphia in conjunction with AASHTO T-14 and T-18, and FHWA annual meeting to present proposed specifications to stakeholders to move implementation forward for flexural members. The results were well accepted and a ballot will be developed for consideration in 2017.
- Continue work on development of analytical and experimental program for evaluating internal redundancy of an axially loaded member.
- Successfully tested first axially loaded members.

### Anticipated work next quarter:

- Continue working on parametric studies associated with axial members.
- Test additional prototype axial test specimen.
- Prepare ballot for evaluating flexural members for consideration by AASHTO T-18 for the October meeting in Boi

## Significant results:

During the past quarter, the major steps forward included:

- 1. Preparation of the proposed specification and commentary for designing and evaluating built-up members subjected to flexure.
- 2. Design of the prototype axial tested first specimens

Circumstance affecting project or budget. (Please describe any challenges encountered or anticipated that might affect the completion of the project within the time, scope and fiscal constraints set forth in the agreement, with recommended solutions to those problems).

## Potential Implementation:

Working with T-18 to develop specification language for implementation of results into MBE for riveted members subjected to flexure. Draft AASHTO-ready specification language has been prepared and will be submitted for AASHTO for review.