TRANSPORTATION POOLED FUND PROGRAM QUARTERLY PROGRESS REPORT

Date: September 30th, 2015	_		
Lead Agency (FHWA or State DOT):	_India	na DOT	
INSTRUCTIONS: Project Managers and/or research project inveguarter during which the projects are active. He each task that is defined in the proposal; a pet the current status, including accomplishments during this period.	Please provide rcentage comp	e a project schedule stat pletion of each task; a co	us of the research activities tied to oncise discussion (2 or 3 sentences) of
Transportation Pooled Fund Program Project # (i.e. SPR-2(XXX), SPR-3(XXX) or TPF-5(XXX)		Transportation Pooled Fund Program - Report Period:	
		☐ Quarter 1 (January 1 – March 31)	
<u>TPF 5-253</u>		□Quarter 2 (April 1 – June 30)	
		X Quarter 3 (July 1 – September 30)	
		☐ Quarter 4 (October 1 – December 31)	
Project Title:	a Duilt un Sta	al Mambara	
Evaluation of Member Level Redundancy in Name of Project Manager(s):			E-Mail
Tommy E. Nantung	(765) 463-1521 ext. 248		tnantung@indot.in.gov
Lead Agency Project ID:	Other Project ID (i.e., contract #):		Project Start Date: 9/1/2011
Original Project End Date: 8/31/2014	Current Project End Date: 7/31/2016		Number of Extensions: None
Project schedule status:			
\square On schedule X On revised sched	ule	☐ Ahead of sched	dule
Overall Project Statistics:			
Total Project Budget	Total Cost to Date for Project		Percentage of Work Completed to Date
\$700,000	\$527,000		85%
Quarterly Project Statistics:			
Total Project Expenses and Percentage This Quarter	Total Amount of Funds Expended This Quarter		Total Percentage of Time Used to Date

0.5%

100%

\$4,000

Project description:

The objective of this research project is to quantify the redundancy possessed by built-up members. For example, a riveted built-up member will not typically "fail" if one of the components fractures. However, there is very little experimental data which is available to quantify the remaining fatigue life or strength of a member in which one of the components has failed. Furthermore, if built-up members are located in bridges classified as fracture critical, when significant member redundancy can be shown the bridge may not need to be classified as FC. However, doing so would release these members from the more rigorous arms-length inspection currently required. As a result, should a component fail, it may go undetected for an extended interval. Thus, a portion of the project is devoted to setting rational inspection intervals for these members. Lastly, the advantages of using built-up members fabricated with HPS components fastened using HS bolts in new construction will also be explored.

Progress this quarter (includes meetings, work plan status, contract status, significant progress, etc.):

- All work on built-up members subjected to flexure has been completed. The final report for this phase of the work is attached to this quarterly report for review and comment.
- Proposed design and evaluation guidelines for built-up members subjected to flexure have been developed.
- Completed assembly of 2,000,000 lb loading machine for testing built-up members subjected to axial tension.
- Disassembled West test setup load frame with to repair second MTS actuator. The load cell failed during a fracture test.
- Begain parametric studies associated with axial tension members to refine the experimental test matrix.

Anticipated work next quarter:

- Continue working on parametric studies associated with axial members.
- Begin to develop testing matrix for axial members subjected to tension.

Significant results:

During the past quarter, the major steps forward included:

- 1. Completion of the phase of the research focused on members subjected to flexure and submission of the final report for this portion of the research.
- 2. Erection of tensile testing machine.

Circumstance affecting project or budget. (Please describe any challenges encountered or anticipated that might affect the completion of the project within the time, scope and fiscal constraints set forth in the agreement, with recommended solutions to those problems).

Potential Implementation:

Working with T-18 to develop specification language for implementation of results into MBE for riveted members subjected to flexure. Draft AASHTO-ready specification language has been prepared and will be submitted for AASHTO for review.