TRANSPORTATION POOLED FUND PROGRAM QUARTERLY PROGRESS REPORT

Date: July 10, 2012

Lead Agency: Montana Department of Transportation

INSTRUCTIONS:

Project Managers and/or research project investigators should complete a quarterly progress report for each calendar quarter during which the projects are active. Please provide a project schedule status of the research activities tied to each task that is defined in the proposal; a percentage completion of each task; a concise discussion (2 or 3 sentences) of the current status, including accomplishments and problems encountered, if any. List all tasks, even if no work was done during this period.

Transportation Pooled Fund Program Proje	ect #: Transportation P	Transportation Pooled Fund Program – Report Period:							
TPF-5(251)	☐ Quarter 1 (Jan	☐ Quarter 1 (January 1 – March 31)							
	Quarter 2 (Apr	Quarter 2 (April 1 – June 30)							
	☐ Quarter 3 (July	☐ Quarter 3 (July 1 – September 30)							
	☐ Quarter 4 (Oct	☐ Quarter 4 (October 1 – December 31)							
Project Title:									
Relative Operational Performance of Geosynthetics Used as Subgrade Stabilization									
Name of Project Managers:	Phone Numbers: (406) 994-7886	E-Mails							
Steven Perkins	(406) 994-7666	elic@coe.montana.edu stevep@ce.montana.edu							
Lead Agency Project ID:	Other Project ID:	Project Start Date:							
MDT Project #7712	MSU/OSP: 4W3850	December 1, 2011							
Original Project End Date: November 30, 2013	Current Project End Date: November 30, 2013	Number of Extensions:							
Project schedule status:									
■ On schedule □ On revised sched	ule	☐ Behind schedule							
Overall Project Statistics:									
Total Project Budget	Total Cost to Date for Project	Percentage of Work Completed to Date							
\$581,726	\$161,977	20%							

Total Amount of Funds

Expended This Quarter

\$119,177

Western Transportation Institute - Montana State University

Quarterly Project Statistics:

20%

This Quarter

Total Project Percentage

Total Percentage of

Time Used to Date

29%

Project Description:

State departments of transportation (DOTs) routinely use geosynthetics for subgrade stabilization. This construction practice involves placing an appropriately specified geosynthetic on a weak subgrade prior to placement of roadway subbase. The geosynthetic provides stabilization of the subgrade by increasing the load-carrying capacity of the system and maintaining separation between the soft subgrade and subbase materials. Subgrade stabilization allows for a firm construction platform to be built with less aggregate and less construction time as compared to construction without the stabilization geosynthetic. There is a general consensus concerning the effectiveness of geosynthetics in this application; however, there is a lack of understanding and agreement on the material's properties needed for performance. Those properties should be specified in order to ensure its beneficial use and to allow a broad range of products to be considered. In order to provide for the most economical geosynthetic selection while minimizing conflicts and promoting competitiveness, MDT and other states are conducting a study to examine the performance of various geosynthetics for subgrade stabilization. The aim of the study is to relate this performance to material properties that can be incorporated into standard specifications to allow for broad and economical use of geosynthetic products for a specific application.

Progress this quarter:

Task 1 – Material Characterization

- continued laboratory tests to establish CBR-vane shear correlation for subgrade soil
- determined base course aggregate source (Wyndham pit near Lewistown, MT)
- conducted CBR tests on base course aggregate
- purchased in-field CBR testing equipment
- obtained remaining six geosynthetics and documented roll and lot information for all geosynthetics
- reviewed cyclic plate load test results conducted by GeoTesting Express

Task 2 – Setup Monitoring Equipment

- bid and purchased a robotic total station for rut measurements in the field
- made data collection notebooks for vane shear
- tested DCP and LWD devices
- purchased instrumentation wire
- determined wire and data acquisition (DAQ) layout
- calibrated LVDTs
- tested pore water pressure sensors in water and soil under static and dynamic loads in the lab
- built and tested strain gage circuitry
- estimated power requirements and planned layout of power system for DAQ

Task 3 – Planning and Construction

- bid and awarded construction contract
- purchased subgrade soil; delivery began in June and will continue into July
- Task 4 Install Instrumentation no progress on this task during this period
- Task 5 Trafficking and Data Collection no progress on this task during this period
- Task 6 Forensic Investigations no progress on this task during this period
- Task 7 Data Analysis no progress on this task during this period

Task 8 – Reporting

Progress Report #3 was written

Anticipated work next quarter:

Task 1 – Material Characterization

- additional laboratory tests of delivered subgrade soil to finalize CBR-vane shear correlation
- geosynthetics testing (when time permits around construction and trafficking)
 - wide-width tension tests
 - o cyclic tension tests
 - o cyclic pullout tests

Task 2 - Setup Monitoring Equipment

- setup rut data storage and analysis spreadsheets
- program and test data acquisition system
- install power station and data acquisition trailer

Task 3 – Planning and Construction

- procure and deliver base course aggregate
- construct test sections (scheduled to begin week of July 2)

Task 4 – Install Instrumentation

- install instrumentation boxes, wire and data acquisition computer
- install strain gages on geosynthetics
- attach lead wires to geosynthetics to facilitate displacement measurements

Task 5 – Trafficking and Data Collection

- load and weigh trafficking vehicle
- traffic test sections and measure rut

Task 6 - Forensic Investigations -

conduct forensic excavations (estimated to occur end of September)

Task 7 – Data Analysis

begin analyzing construction data: vane shear, LWD, DCP, in-field CBR, and rut data

Task 8 – Reporting

- write Task Report #2
- write Progress Report #4

Significant Results:

The project is progressing as planned, with no significant results to be shown at this point.

Circumstance Affecting Project or Budget:

There are no known issues that will negatively impact the quality of the project, its timeline or budget at this time.

P	ote	ntia	l Im	pler	nen	tati	on:

It is anticipated that the information from this project will be useful to departments of transportation seeking to improve their specification of and use of geosynthetics for subgrade stabilization.