State Planning and Research Program Quarterly Report

PROJECT TITLE: TPF-5 (129) Recycled Unbound Pavement Materials

OBJECTIVES: To investigate the use of recycled materials in constructing unbound pavement layer. To identify the critical material properties of these recycled materials (strength, stiffness, drainage, volume changes, unsaturated properties, etc.) and develop a testing protocol that can accurately predict pavement performance. To determine what, if any, environmental concerns there may be surrounding the use of these recycled materials.

PERIOD COVERED: April 1, 2009 – June 30, 2009			
PARTICIPATING AGENCIES: Minnesota, Texas, Ohio, Wisconsin, Micl	higan California		
Willinesota, Texas, Olio, Wisconsiii, Wiel	ngan, Camorna		
PROJECT MANAGER:	SP&R PROJECT NO:	PROJECT IS:	
Andrew Eller			
	TPF-5 (129)	Planning	
LEAD AGENCY:		X Research &	
Mn/DOT		Development	
PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:			
Dr. Tuncer Edil			
University of Wisconsin / RMRC			
ANNUAL BUDGET:	PROJECT EXPENDITU	PROJECT EXPENDITURES TO DATE:	
	Past Quarters		
\$390,000 Total (5 years of funding)	• June 30, 2007 TAP	• June 30, 2007 TAP meeting (travel)	
	This Quarter	This Quarter	
	No expenditures		
WORK COMPLETED:			
5.01.2009 Material samples from Mic	chigan, Minnesota, Texas, and W	visconsin were identified for full-scale	

5.01.2009 Material samples from Michigan, Minnesota, Texas, and Wisconsin were identified for full-scale study at the Univ. of Wisconsin RMRC.

Acquisition of the materials is ongoing.

See following sheets for University task comments.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES EXPECTED TO BE PERFORMED NEXT QUARTER:

1. See University task summary attached

STATUS AND COMPLETION DATE:

1. Fall 2009 TAP meeting is tentatively planned in Madison, WI to visit the Univ. of WI lab facilities and the RMRC center.

Quarterly report: April 1 to June 30, 2009

Task Number IA

Title: <u>Literature Review</u>

Description: The key issue to be addressed in Task I is how to design a full-scale pavement section

using properties of RCA or RAP (or blends of RAP or RCA with conventional base course materials) measured in the laboratory. This includes structural capacity, long-term

stability and design properties.

Deliverables: Quarterly task reports

Due Date: 11/30/2008

Date Approved

Date Delivered: 3/29/2009

Progress: This task is complete with the literature and survey reports are submitted.

Date: 6/30/2009

% Complete: 100%

Task Number IB

Title: Relationship between Resilient Modulus and Composition of RCA or RAP

Description: The primary objective of Subtask 1B will be to characterize the resilient modulus of

various RCAs, RAPs and blends with natural aggregates. A key goal will be to determine how the mechanical behavior (modulus and plastic strain) of RCA and RAP varies with important compositional variables (e.g., particle shape, binder type, aggregate mineralogy and contamination) and stress condition. Applicability of current modulus-stress

relationships for these materials and long-term stability will also be evaluated and recommendations will be made regarding the most appropriate modulus model to use for

RCA and for RAP.

Deliverables: Quarterly task reports

Due Date: May 31, 2010

Date Approved

Date Delivered:

Progress:

A pool fund teleconference was held on April 3, 2009 with the PIs meeting in person at MnDOT. The representatives of the participating states were asked to provide samples from their states including contact information as the construction season is starting. Additionally the C&D contractors (i.e., RCA and RAP crushers) in different parts of the country were contacted through Mr. Bill Turley. They are also providing samples. Samples are now being shipped and some are already received. The objective is to have a wide range of samples to assess the range of

received. The objective is to have a wide range of samples to assess the range of variability. These samples are being tested for various index properties to characterize them. From the pool a slect number of samples will be subjected for structural properties. The samples from the participating states will be given

precedence.

Date: 6/30/2009

% Complete: 30%

Task Number IC

Title: Scaling and Equivalency: Specimen Tests to Field-Scale Conditions

Description: Differences between pavement moduli measured in the field and laboratory are well

established in the literature. Understanding how laboratory tests apply to field conditions is essential when applying laboratory-measured properties to understand field behavior. Similarly, evaluating field-measured moduli in the context of laboratory data requires an understanding of the scaling that exists between field and laboratory-measured moduli. Interpreting the performance of MnROAD test sections constructed with RAP, RCA and blends in conjunction with laboratory test data is an integral part of this project. Additionally, an intent is to use the laboratory data generated in this study for full-scale

conditions. For these reasons, understanding scaling between laboratory and field conditions for RCA, RAP and blends with conventional aggregate are a critical element of

this project.

Deliverables: Quarterly task reports

Due Date: 05/30/2010

Date Approved

Date Delivered:

Progress:

Test pit has become available and 50% of the planned tests on the base course materials received from the test sections have been tested. The remainder will be completed by the end of July 2009. All of the these 4 materials have been tested for grain size distribution and compaction characteristics. A minimum of 4 resilient modulus tests were completed on each of the four MNROAD materials. This testing program is being extended to some of the samples already received

from other states (i.e., Texas).

Date: 6/30/2009

% Complete: 60%

Task Number ID

Title: Climate Effects

Description: The effects of climatic variables on mechanical behavior will be evaluated by conducting a

series of tests on the three representative RAPs and three representative RCAs identified in Subtask IB. The objective will be to determine systematically how climatic factors and aging affect the resilient modulus and plastic strain (i.e., propensity for rutting). Specific factors to be investigated include freeze-thaw cycling, wet-dry cycling, temperature

effects, and moisture effects.

Deliverables: Quarterly task reports

Due Date: 05/31/2011

Date Approved

Date Delivered:

Progress: Nothing to report

Date: 6/30/2009

Task Number IIA

Title: Compaction Level and Assessment

Description: A series of tests will be conducted on the three representative samples of RCA and RAP

to determine how the resilient modulus and plastic strain of RCA and RAP are affected by compaction level and if the effect of compaction level is influenced by composition of the material. Tests will also be conducted on RCA and RAP blended with conventional base course aggregate at the same percentage used in the MnROAD test sections. Specimens will be prepared with reduced, standard and modified Proctor efforts at optimum water content (reduced Proctor is the same as standard Proctor, except the compaction energy

is reduced by using 15 blows per layer instead of 25).

Deliverables: Quarterly task reports

Due Date: 09/30/2010

Date Approved

Date Delivered:

Progress: Compaction and resilient modulus tests have been compacted on one set of

materials (those obtained from MNROAD sections at modified proctor effort.

Date: 6/30/2009

% Complete: 15%

Task Number IIB

Title: Field Performance and Maintenance

Description: The PI's understand that FWD testing and pavement distress surveys are to be conducted

on the MnROAD test sections by Mn/DOT. Findings from these surveys will be compared to determine if the field performance of the test sections constructed with RCA and RAP differ relative to each other and to control sections existing at MnROAD and with time. This analysis will identify whether distress (e.g., rutting, cracking, drainage problems, etc.) occurs at a different rate in pavements constructed with RCA and RAP, which would

necessitate different levels of maintenance.

Deliverables: Quarterly task reports

Due Date: 05/31/2011

Date Approved

Date Delivered:

A field test and construction report has been received from MNDOT. PIs expect

Progress: MnDOT perform additional FWD and pavement distress surveys as part of their

monitoring activities and deliver to them for analysis.

Date: 6/30/2009

% Complete: 20%

Task Number III

Title: Materials Control

Description: RAP and RCA are known to contain impurities that may affect their mechanical properties

and long-term performance. These impurities often include soft bituminous materials

such as crack sealants as well as pavement markings, metallic objects and other

potentially deleterious materials. Thus, a testing program will be conducted to assess how impurity type and content affect the resilient modulus and plastic strain of RAP and RCA.

This program will be conducted in two parts.

Deliverables: Draft final report

Due Date: 11/30/2010

Date

Approved

Date

Delivered:

Progress: Nothing to report

Date: 6/30/2009

Task Number IV

Title: Leaching Characteristics

Description: The PI's have developed standard protocols for monitoring and evaluating the leaching

behavior of pavements constructed with unconventional materials. One aspect of this protocol is the pan lysimeter, which is installed beneath the pavement to monitor leachate discharged from the pavement structure. The PIs understand that pan lysimeters will be installed beneath the MnROAD test sections to collect leachate from the pavement sections constructed with RAP and RCA. The PIs also understand that Mn/DOT will be sampling these lysimeters periodically to determine the volume of water percolating through the test sections and the chemical composition of the percolate. These data will be evaluated by the investigators throughout the project to determine if pavements constructed with RCA and RAP pose any additional risk to the environment compared to

pavements constructed with conventional materials.

Deliverables: Quarterly task reports

Due Date: 10/31/2011

Date

Approved

Date

Delivered:

Progress:

Field lysimeter samples are being collected periodically and analyzed for metals.

Column leach tests are initiated for trace metals. A plan is developed for evaluating

PAHs from the HMA relative to RAP.

Date: 6/30/2009

% Complete 10%

Task Number V

Title: Extended Monitoring

Description: The existing budget is sufficient for a three-year study. Additional interpretation of field

data collected in Years 4 and 5 from the MnROAD test sections (e.g., pavement distress, moduli from FWD surveys, etc.) could be included if additional budget is made available at some point. These data would be interpreted in the context of the data collected in Years

1-3. No time or budget for this task is included in this scope of work or cost.

Deliverables: Quarterly task reports

Due Date: 11/30/2011

Date

Approved

Date

Delivered:

Progress: Nothing to report

Date: 6/30/2009

Task Number VI/VII

Title: Final Report and Dissemination

Description: These tasks will consist of preparation, review and revision of the final report. Two tasks

are provided for this activity in accordance with the instructions for this Mn/DOT form. Task VI consists of preparation and submission of the final report. In Task VII, the report is revised to address comments received from the TAC after reviewing the submission from

Task VI.

Deliverables: Quarterly task reports

Due Date: 11/30/2011

Date

Approved

Date

Delivered:

Progress: Nothing to report

Date: 6/30/2009

Future plans (note any unexpected changes to the work plan or schedule):

A conference call or meeting should be scheduled before the end of this quarter.

Problems encountered/actions taken (note any unexpected budget issues):