

TRANSPORTATION POOLED FUND PROGRAM QUARTERLY PROGRESS REPORT

Lead Agency (FHWA or State DOT): Missouri Department of Transportation

INSTRUCTIONS:

Project Managers and/or research project investigators should complete a quarterly progress report for each calendar quarter during which the projects are active. Please provide a project schedule status of the research activities tied to each task that is defined in the proposal; a percentage completion of each task; a concise discussion (2 or 3 sentences) of the current status, including accomplishments and problems encountered, if any. List all tasks, even if no work was done during this period.

Transportation Pooled Fund Program Project # TPF-5(395)		Transportation Pooled Fund Program - Report Period: <input type="checkbox"/> Quarter 1 (January 1 – March 31) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Quarter 2 (April 1 – June 30) <input type="checkbox"/> Quarter 3 (July 1 – September 30) <input type="checkbox"/> Quarter 4 (October 1 – December 31)	
Project Title: Traffic Disruption-free Bridge Inspection Initiative with Robotic Systems			
Name of Project Manager(s): Genda Chen	Phone Number: (573) 341-4462	E-Mail: gchen@mst.edu	
Lead Agency Project ID: S064101S	Other Project ID (i.e., contract #): TR202004	Project Start Date: August 1, 2019	
Original Project End Date: July 31, 2024	Current Project End Date: July 31, 2025 (one year extension)	Number of Extensions: 1	

Project schedule status:

- On schedule
 On revised schedule
 Ahead of schedule
 Behind schedule

Overall Project Statistics:

Total Project Budget	Total Cost to Date for Project	Percentage of Work Completed to Date
\$725,000	\$527,264.74	81%

Quarterly Project Statistics:

Total Project Expenses and Percentage This Quarter	Total Amount of Funds Expended This Quarter	Total Percentage of Time Used to Date
\$527,264.74 and (7.3%)	\$38,788.21	81.7% (after one-year extension)

Note that the University of Missouri has recently implemented a new PI grant reporting system. The latest monthly report I received in December of 2021 includes expenditure up to November 30, 2021. For convenience, I will report expenditure up to one month prior to the progress report date. For example, the December 31, 2021, report includes expenditures till November 30, 2021.

Also note that this month's expenditure includes correction from the previous two years for research engineer's salary.

Project Description:

Bridge inspection often requires the use of heavy lifting and access equipment, thus increasing operation time and direct costs. When access to the inspected area must be made from bridge decks, the indirect costs associated with road closure multiply. In such a case, travelers are frustrated with traffic congestion and, both the travelers and inspectors are subject to a safety concern on high volume highways. Moreover, visual inspection is quite subjective and often inconsistent. It is thus of economic, psychological and social importance to develop an alternative platform for faster, safer, cheaper, and consistent bridge inspection with minimum impact on traffic flow.

The INSPIRE University Transportation Center (<https://inspire-utc.mst.edu>) at Missouri University of Science and Technology has been focused on the development of advanced technologies to aid in bridge inspection and maintenance. Specifically, structural crawlers, unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs), and multimodal unmanned vehicles will provide a mobile platform for in-depth inspection of elevated bridges. In particular, a special multimodal unmanned vehicle, named Bridge Inspection Robot Deployment Systems (BIRDS), will be developed to combine both the driving capabilities of crawlers and the flying capabilities of UAVs into one system for bridge inspection.

At the INSPIRE Center, microwave and hyperspectral images will be developed to assess concrete delamination and steel corrosion of reinforced concrete (RC) bridges. Together with other existing technologies such as impact echo, impact sounding, and infrared images, they will provide a suite of measurement tools and methods for the nondestructive evaluation (NDE) of structural damage and deterioration conditions in RC and steel bridges. Innovative sensors such as UAV-based smart rocks for scour monitoring, integrated point and distributed optical fiber systems for strain and corrosion monitoring, and coupled antenna systems for strain and crack monitoring will provide mission-critical data, such as the maximum scour depth, corrosion-induced steel mass loss, and live load induced strains in order to normalize the NDE data taken over time at spatially distributed points.

The goals of this pooled-fund initiative are to engage closely with several state Departments of Transportation (DOTs) in the early stage of technology development at the INSPIRE University Transportation Center, and leverage the center resources to develop case studies, protocols, and guidelines that can be adopted by state DOTs for bridge inspection without adversely impacting traffic. The initiative involves the integration, field demonstration and documentation of a robotic system of structural crawlers, UAVs, BIRDS, NDE devices, sensors, and data analytics. Depending on the interest of participating DOTs, the objectives of this initiative include, but are not limited to:

- Development of inspection/operation protocols for various types of bridges with the robotic system integrated into current practice.
- Comparison and correlation of bridge deck inspections from the top and bottom sides of decks to understand the reliability of traffic disruption-free bridge inspection from the underside of decks.
- Design and technical guidelines of measurement devices on a robotic platform for the detection of surface and internal damage/deterioration in structural elements, and for the change in lateral support of foundations.
- Data fusion and analytics of measurements taken from various imaging and sensing systems for consistency and reliability.
- Development of best practices on bridge inspection using the robotic system.

To achieve the above objectives, the following tasks are proposed:

1. Bridge selection for manual and automated inspections. Develop a selection protocol of bridges that are appropriate for both manual visual inspection and automated NDE. Thus, the performance of robot-based NDE can be compared with the current practice of visual inspection. The main parameters considered in this selection include span length, bridge type, accessibility, and importance. For example, river-crossing bridges may be inspected in great depth with advanced technologies, while simple highway bridges with easy access may not require any robotic platform during inspection.
2. Operation of multimodal unmanned systems. Develop a field test facility (e.g., recreational vehicle for a three-person crew) of the robotic system, including the BIRDS equipped with two infrared cameras (e.g., dual-sensor FLIR Duo™ Pro) and one impact sounding/echo device for RC elements, and a structural crawler for other bridge elements. The inspection crew will consist of a research engineer in bridge inspection and maintenance, a research assistant professor in system integration and robotics, and a rotating graduate student intern.
3. Correlation of top and bottom deck inspections. Due to gravity, deterioration on the bottom surface (a safety issue) is more critical than that on the top surface (a serviceability concern). On the bottom side of a bridge deck, deterioration such as concrete cracking, concrete delamination, and reinforcement steel corrosion are easier to detect from underside of the deck. The detection results derived from inspections above and below the deck will be compared to understand their correlation or complementary nature.

4. NDE and sensing integration into visual inspection. Develop preliminary guidelines to test NDE devices, such as hyperspectral and microwave cameras, for surface mechanical and electrochemical features as well as internal corrosion condition of steel reinforcing bars in RC elements, and test in-line fiber optic sensors for simultaneous measurement of strain, temperature, and mass loss in cross section of the reinforcing bars. Normalize/calibrate the NDE test results with those of a few pre-installed fiber optic sensors in structural behavior assessment. All the detected deterioration with measurement data are compared with visual inspection results to understand and quantify the improvement in probability of detection compared to the current practice of inspection.
5. Case studies with a representative bridge inventory. Develop an inventory of geographically-distributed test bridges and conduct case studies to implement and demonstrate NDE devices and sensors for the detection of surface and internal damage and deterioration in structural elements, and implement and demonstrate UAV-based smart rocks with embedded magnets for the scour monitoring of bridges. Up to nine (9) highway bridges/year in three (3) age groups or one long-span bridge/year from each participating state will be tested starting in the 2nd year. Store and maintain curated data within six months of their collection at the Scholars' Mine of Missouri University of Science and Technology. Share the data with the INSPIRE University Transportation Center investigators and, upon approval of state DOTs, the public as appropriate.
6. Protocol and guideline modification. Evaluate and refine as needed the protocols and guidelines of field tests for disruption-free bridge inspections after three (3) years of field operation. Imaging and sensing data are fused together to improve the detectability of problem areas with reduced capacity. The test results and corresponding visual inspection results are evaluated and summarized in a mid-term report, based on the probability of detection for structural damage/ deterioration and the improvement of visual inspection practice of bridges.
7. Limited release of protocols, guidelines, and criteria. Conduct a beta version rollout of the protocols, guidelines, and performance criteria at the INSPIRE University Transportation Center and the Missouri Local Technical Assistance Program (LTAP) in 4th and 5th years. As part of this rollout, workshops on the workforce development with the developed protocols, guidelines, and field demonstration technologies are conducted. Upon request, in-house workshops are held at participating states once a year.
8. Final reporting and curation of main findings. Prepare and publish a final report on the protocols, guidelines, and performance criteria of field tests with the robotic system at the end of 5th year. Store and maintain curated data and the final report at the Scholars' Mine of Missouri University of Science and Technology. Share the data and the report with the INSPIRE University Transportation Center investigators and, upon approval of state DOTs, the public as appropriate.

The performance period of this project will be August 1, 2019, to July 31, 2025 for six years after one year of no-cost extension. Table 1 details the specific schedule of this project by year. The kickoff (K) meeting, mid-term (M) report, draft (D) report/deliverables, and final (F) report/deliverables are marked on the project schedule. The final report will be due by the contract termination date.

Table 1 Project Schedule by Year

Task	Year					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
1. Bridge selection for manual and automated inspections	K					
2. Operation of multimodal unmanned systems						
3. Correlation of top and bottom deck inspections						
4. NDE and sensing integration into visual inspection						
5. Case studies with a representative bridge inventory						
6. Protocol and guideline modification					M	
7. Limited release of protocols, guidelines, and criteria						
8. Final reporting and curation of main findings						D F

- Notes:
- K Kickoff meeting at the beginning of this contract
 - M Mid-term report due at the end of 3 years
 - D Draft report/deliverables due 60 days prior to the contract termination date
 - F Final report/deliverables due by the contract termination date

Progress this Quarter (includes meetings, work plan status, contract status, significant progress, etc.):

Between April 1 and June 30, 2024, the following activities took place:

- Task 2. Skydio2 and Elios3 drone flights were completed at the Roubidoux Creek Bridge site for the 10-span structure. The hybrid flying and traversing vehicle was tested at the bridge site. The hardware system for horizontal hyperspectral imaging and LiDAR scanning was under development. Currently, plan is underway to collect a new dataset to test out the proposed procedure for its efficiency and accuracy.
- Task 5. 3D reconstruction of bridges continues. Currently RGB and LiDAR data are fused together to show colored point cloud.
- Task 6. Artificial intelligence was used to detect cracks from deep neural networks. Multi-user collaboration between two inspectors wearing HoloLens was modified for user friendliness in mixed reality.
- Task 7. Training materials for the use of robotics, remote sensing, and artificial intelligence for automated bridge inspection was under development.

Anticipated work next quarter:

During the next quarterly, the following activities are expected to take place:

- Task 1. Scour tests using a SONAR will continue at another bridge (12 spans) site over the US63 Gasconade River. Water as deep as 20 ft is expected.
- Task 2. Continue to improve the hybrid drone product with a comprehensive design of maneuverability, propeller protection, and multiple functions for highway and long-span bridges.
- Task 5. Continue to improve the field test protocol using drones for bridge inspection following the guidelines in the AASHTO Manual for Bridge Element Inspection.
- Task 6. Conduct the technical evaluation of multi-user collaboration cyber-physical system using a robotic platform and machine learning. Continue to improve and finalize the mid-term report.
- Task 7. Finalize the training materials for inspectors and pilots.

Significant Results:

During this report period, a comprehensive flight plan using multi-sensors on hybrid drones was developed and executed at the Roubidoux Creek Bridge site. Correlated data between aerial and underwater inspection were collected for further data processing and analysis.

The training materials for a human-centered automated bridge inspection training simulator (HABITS) are near completion. With further improvement, the HABITS will be used to train the first group of trainees in bridge inspector/pilot tasks.

Circumstance affecting project or budget. (Please describe any challenges encountered or anticipated that might affect the completion of the project within the time, scope and fiscal constraints set forth in the agreement, along with recommended solutions to those problems).

The project currently moves forward at full speed. But due to the previous impacts of COVID-19, communication challenge with two state DOTs, delayed or interrupted appointment of the research engineer, the overall project was delayed for about one year. During this reporting period, the project was officially extended for one year.

Potential Implementation:

Once the field mobile testing facility is fully developed, some of the advanced technologies developed at the INSPIRE University Transportation Center will be tested and demonstrated at bridge sites in participating states. Pilot/inspector training for automated tele-inspection will be provided to participating state DOTs free of charge.