TRANSPORTATION POOLED FUND PROGRAM QUARTERLY PROGRESS REPORT

Lead Agency (FHWA or State DOT): Indiana Department of Transportation

INSTRUCTIONS:

Project Managers and/or research project investigators should complete a quarterly progress report for each calendar quarter during which the projects are active. Please provide a project schedule status of the research activities tied to each task that is defined in the proposal; a percentage completion of each task; a concise discussion (2 or 3 sentences) of the current status, including accomplishments and problems encountered, if any. List all tasks, even if no work was done during this period.

| Transportation Pooled Fund Program Project # TPF-5(471) | | Transportation Pooled Fund Program - Report Period: Quarter 1 (January 1 – March 31) | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| | | | |
| | | Quarter 3 (July 1 – | |
| | | Quarter 4 (October | 1 – December 31) |
| | | | |
| Project Title: Real-time monitoring of co | ncrete stren | gth to determine op | timal traffic opening time |
| Name of Project Manager(s): | Phone Number: | | E-Mail |
| Tommy Nantung | 765-463-1521 ext. 248 | | tnantung@indot.in.gov |
| Lead Agency Project ID: | Other Project ID (i.e., contract #): | | Project Start Date: |
| TPF-5(471) | | | June 1, 2021 |
| Original Project End Date: | Current Project End Date: | | Number of Extensions: |
| May 31, 2023 | May 31, 2023 | | |
| Project schedule status: | | | |
| <u>,</u> | | | |
| On schedule | chedule | ☐ Behind schedule | |
| Overall Project Statistics: | | | |
| Total Project Budget | Total Cos | t to Date for Project | Percentage of Work Completed to Date |
| \$525,000 | \$22,000 | | 10% |
| Quarterly Project Statistics: | | | |
| Total Project Expenses | Total Am | ount of Funds | Total Percentage of |
| and Percentage This Quarter | Expended This Quarter | | Time Used to Date |
| \$14,000, 2.7% | \$14,000 | | 10% |

Project Description

Background

The Pooled Fund Project TPF-5(471) is led by Indiana with participation from FHWA, Texas, Missouri, Tennessee, Colorado, North Dakota, and California. The project has been funded with a total of \$375,000 for a span of three years.

Fast-paced construction schedules often expose concrete pavement and/or structures to undergo substantial loading conditions even at its early age, which causes pre-mature failure or a significant reduction in the life span of pavement and bridges. Current methods for determining traffic opening times can be inefficient and expensive, causing construction delays and cost overruns. For instance, maturity testing and flexural testing of concrete are two commonly used methods. The maturity test requires extensive calibrations of the maturity meter and trial batches for each mix design, causing inefficiency and high costs. The flexural strength testing of concrete beams often provides unreliable results due to the differences between laboratory and field conditions. It is also time and labor-consuming.

To address this critical need, INDOT and Purdue University have developed an in-situ nondestructive sensing method that enables direct measurement of concrete stiffness and strength using electromechanical impedance (EMI) method coupled with piezoelectric sensors. It proved to be reliable for in-situ monitoring of concrete strength development regardless of mix design (e.g. fly ash, slag and silica fumes). We have also set a precedent for the reported strength property of concrete at the very early age of 4-8 hours. These properties could not be obtained using conventional cylinder testing as concrete is often not hard enough to be demolded at this point. This has also proved that the sensing method does not need any calibrations for different concrete mix designs during each test run, which has been significantly cumbersome for maturity testing.

Even though the novel EMI method developed by INDOT and Purdue University can accurately measure the concrete strength in real-time without any database or calibration, the method cannot be deployed in fields. The data acquisition and processing tools consist of heavy and bulky equipment which can cause safety concerns on construction sites. To address these problems, the project will initially focus on development of on-chip device to acquire and process EMI data with wireless capabilities. Such a device can then be deployed on transportation construction sites and can transfer the concrete strength data to project managers or superintendents remotely using wireless capabilities. The EMI concrete sensors will be installed and tested in construction sites and various concrete mixes of participating DOTs. Feedbacks from the DOTs' project managers and superintendents will be considered and the sensing technology will be improved.

The ultimate goal of this pooled-fund study is to develop the standard testing procedure for field testing by implementing it in all the participating states and develop AASHTO ready specifications for using this method. A detailed cost/benefit analysis of this method along with a set of recommendation for traffic opening time and maintenance schedule will be conducted during the program.

Project Objectives

The objectives of the proposed pooled-fund study are as follows:

- 1) Develop the field implementable wireless sensing technology enabling data automation and transmission.
- 2) Implement the smart sensing methods in all participating states and train state engineers to effectively use the sensing methods.
- 3) Provide guidance on how to use EMI methods to determine the optimal traffic opening time of concrete pavement, maintenance and repair schedule.
- 4) Develop AASHTO ready specifications

Progress per Quarter (includes meetings, work plan status, contract status, significant progress, etc.):

June 1 - June 30, 2021

- Conducted a conference meeting with representatives from DOTs of Indiana, Colorado, Texas, California, Tennessee, and North Dakota. Following were the topics of discussions
 - o Prior accomplishments from INDOT and Purdue team relevant to the pooled fund project
 - On-going works
 - Project objectives and timeline
 - Plan and recommendations for next works
- Work on initial design and development of sensors and data loggers with data storage has been started
- Discussions on mix designs to be tested have been initiated with participating DOTs

July 1 - September 30, 2021

- Literature review of chips and devices that could measure electromechanical impedance (EMI) and strength of concrete was performed.
- A board with chip that could have EMI-measurement capabilities was selected for initial measurement
- Circuit components of the board such as the resistors in operational amplifiers were tuned so that EMI spectrum of concrete materials can be accurately obtained.
- Results from the on-chip board match with the bulky EMI and strength measurement setup. The board still cannot be implemented on-site. It requires laptop and external power. It is not self-controlled and automated. Also, the board and chip needs more testing.

October 1 - December 31, 2021

- The board is updated to incorporate rechargeable batteries and power management circuit. Current
 batteries are 6600 mAh and can support the device for more than a month. The batteries are clunky and
 will be reduced in the future.
- The firmware of the board is updated to enable automated timing data collection. The timing is set as once per 15 min and this time interval can be customized.
- The board now has an internal storage and a USB port. The data can be stored locally and downloaded to a laptop. The downloading is still realized through command-line, which is not friendly for general users without programming skills.
- The Bluetooth communication module was selected and programmed. Multiple boards will send data to a
 hub and the hub will transmit data to a remote server, which requires further work.

Anticipated work next quarter (January 1 – March 31, 2022):

- Further development on the Bluetooth module and the Hub
- A user-friendly data downloading interface for the board
- Further exploring the battery selection
- Establishing a remote server to store all data
- Continue reviewing concrete mix designs and related discussions from participating DOTs

| Significant Results: | | |
|----------------------|--|--|
|----------------------|--|--|

Circumstance affecting project or budget. (Please describe any challenges encountered or anticipated that might affect the completion of the project within the time, scope and fiscal constraints set forth in the agreement, along with recommended solutions to those problems).

Potential Implementation:

- Anticipated implementation of the developing sensing technology in bridges and pavements of participating DOTs in years 2-3 of the project
- Anticipated implementation in interstate highways in the year 3 of the project